

Motion in One Dimension**HOLT PHYSICS****Mixed Review**

1. During a relay race along a straight road, the first runner on a three-person team runs d_1 with a constant velocity v_1 . The runner then hands off the baton to the second runner, who runs d_2 with a constant velocity v_2 . The baton is then passed to the third runner, who completes the race by traveling d_3 with a constant velocity v_3 .

- a. In terms of d and v , find the time it takes for each runner to complete a segment of the race.

Runner 1 _____ Runner 2 _____ Runner 3 _____

- b. What is the total distance of the race course?

- c. What is the total time it takes the team to complete the race?

2. The equations below include the equations for straight-line motion. For each of the following problems, indicate which equation or equations you would use to solve the problem, but do not actually perform the calculations.

$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}(v_i + v_f)\Delta t$	$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}(v_f)\Delta t$
$\Delta x = v_i(\Delta t) + \frac{1}{2}a(\Delta t)^2$	$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}a(\Delta t)^2$
$v_f = v_i + a(\Delta t)$	$v_f = a(\Delta t)$
$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2a\Delta x$	$v_f^2 = 2a\Delta x$

- a. During takeoff, a plane accelerates at 4 m/s^2 and takes 40 s to reach takeoff speed. What is the velocity of the plane at takeoff?

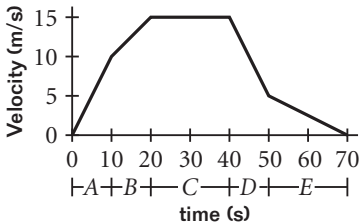
- b. A car with an initial speed of 31.4 km/h accelerates at a uniform rate of 1.2 m/s^2 for 1.3 s. What is the final speed and displacement of the car during this time?

Motion in One Dimension

HOLT PHYSICS

Mixed Review *continued*

3. Below is the velocity-time graph of an object moving along a straight path. Use the information in the graph to fill in the table below.



For each of the lettered intervals below, indicate the motion of the object (whether it is speeding up, slowing down, or at rest), the direction of the velocity (+, −, or 0), and the direction of the acceleration (+, −, or 0).

Time interval	Motion	v	a
A			
B			
C			
D			
E			

4. A ball is thrown upward with an initial velocity of 9.8 m/s from the top of a building.

a. Fill in the table below showing the ball’s position, velocity, and acceleration at the end of each of the first 4 s of motion.

Time (s)	Position (m)	Velocity (m/s)	Acceleration (m/s ²)
1			
2			
3			
4			

b. In which second does the ball reach the top of its flight?

c. In which second does the ball reach the level of the roof, on the way down?
