## Key Concept Builder 🖘

## Discovering Parts of an Atom

Key Concept How has the atomic model changed over time?

Directions: Complete the chart by writing the name of the person who developed each theory.

Name of Developer	Theory
1.	<ul> <li>Atoms are small solid objects that cannot be divided, created, or destroyed.</li> <li>Atoms are constantly moving in empty space.</li> <li>Different types of matter are made of different types of atoms.</li> </ul>
2.	<ul> <li>Empty space does not exist.</li> <li>Matter is made of fire, water, air, and earth.</li> </ul>
3. •	<ul> <li>During a chemical reaction, atoms of one element cannot be converted into atoms of another element.</li> <li>Atoms of one element are identical to each other and different from atoms of another element.</li> <li>Atoms combine in specific ratios.</li> </ul>
4.	<ul> <li>An atom is a sphere that contains positive and negative charges.</li> <li>The positive charge is evenly spread throughout the atom.</li> <li>Negatively charged electrons are mixed through the positive charge.</li> </ul>
5.	<ul> <li>Most of an atom's mass and positive charge is concentrated in a small area in the center of the atom called the nucleus.</li> <li>The nucleus contains positively charged particles called protons.</li> <li>Negatively charged electrons move in the empty space surrounding the nucleus.</li> </ul>
6.	<ul> <li>In addition to protons, the nucleus contains neutrons.</li> <li>Neutrons are neutral particles that exist in the nucleus of the atom.</li> </ul>
<b>7.</b>	<ul> <li>Electrons move in circular orbits, or energy levels, around the nucleus.</li> <li>Electrons that are closer to the nucleus have less energy than electrons that are farther away from the nucleus.</li> </ul>