

ACADEMIC VOCABULARY

noun: a word that names a person, place, thing, or idea

base word: a word that is complete by itself

suffix: a group of letters added to the end of a word to make a new word

noun suffixes: suffixes added to base words to form nouns

HERE'S HOW

Step 1: Recognize words with the suffixes *-or*, *-er*, and *-ist*. These suffixes create nouns that refer to someone who does or practices something.

Suffix	Example	Word Meaning
<i>-or</i>	collector	one who collects
<i>-er</i>	teacher	one who teaches
<i>-ist</i>	Taoist	one who practices Taoism

Step 2: Recognize words with the suffixes *-ness*, *-ance* or *-ence*, *-ation*, *-hood*, *-cy*, and *-ce*. These suffixes create nouns that refer to a condition, quality, or state of being.

Suffix	Example	Word Meaning
<i>-ness</i>	sweetness	state of being sweet
<i>-ence</i> , <i>-ance</i>	existence	state of existing
<i>-ation</i>	determination	state of being determined
<i>-hood</i>	adulthood	state of being an adult
<i>-cy</i>	literacy	state of being literate
<i>-ce</i>	absence	state of being absent

STUDENT LESSON SUMMARY, CONTINUED

Step 3: Use noun suffixes to help you determine the meaning of unfamiliar words. Take the word apart. Identify the base word and the suffix. Think of other words with the same noun suffix. Ask yourself: What do these words mean? What might the suffix mean? Compare your guess with the dictionary definition.

NOTE: The spelling of a base word may change when you add a suffix.

EXAMPLE determine + *-ation* = determination
literate + *-cy* = literacy