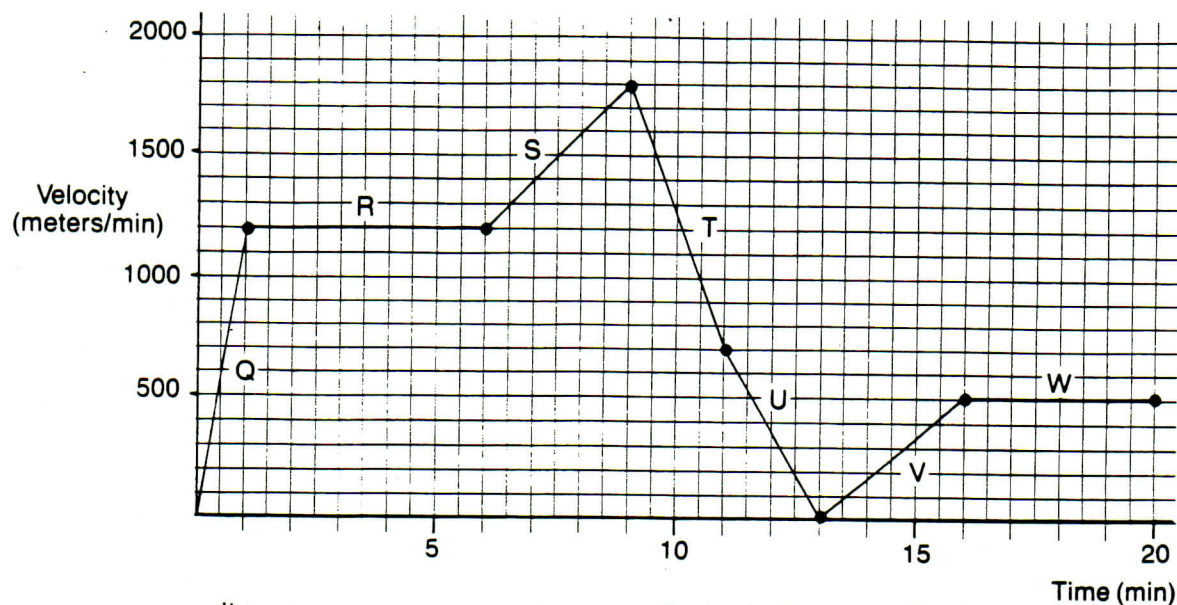


Name _____ Date _____ Class _____

During a 20-minute trip, a car travels at various velocities. Figure 1 is a graph of these different velocities. Use the graph and the formulas that follow to answer questions 1 through 13.

FIGURE 1.



$$\text{velocity} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$$

$$\text{average velocity} = \frac{\text{final velocity} + \text{initial velocity}}{2}$$

$$\text{acceleration} = \frac{\text{final velocity} - \text{initial velocity}}{\text{time}}$$

- _____ 1. The graph compares
 - a. distance and time
 - b. speed and distance
 - c. velocity and distance
 - d. velocity and time
- _____ 2. During the trip portion labeled R, the car is
 - a. not moving
 - b. accelerating
 - c. decelerating
 - d. not changing in velocity
- _____ 3. The car is accelerating during portions
 - a. R and W
 - b. Q, S, and T
 - c. Q, S, and V
 - d. V and W
- _____ 4. Acceleration and deceleration are shown by
 - a. the letters on the graph
 - b. the slope of the lines
 - c. the vertical line labeled "Velocity"
 - d. the length of each labeled line
- _____ 5. The velocity of the car at 5 minutes is
 - a. 800 m/min
 - b. 1200 m/min
 - c. 1800 m/min
 - d. 400 m/min²
- _____ 6. The highest rate of deceleration occurs during trip portion
 - a. T
 - b. U
 - c. S
 - d. Q
- _____ 7. The rate of acceleration of the car at 8 minutes is
 - a. 1500 m/min²
 - b. 170 m/min²
 - c. 120 m/min²
 - d. 200 m/min²
- _____ 8. The velocity of the car at 12 minutes is
 - a. 0 m/min
 - b. 700 m/min
 - c. 350 m/min
 - d. 300 m/min