

Please silence your cell phones!

Thank you for being considerate to the people around you.



Financial Aid 101

Paying for Postsecondary Education



Your Presenter

Dan Wray
Higher Education Access Partner
South Central Region
PA Higher Ed Assistance Agency
dwray@pheaa.org



Financial Aid 101

What We'll Cover



Topics

- Latest Headlines and Trends
- Web Resources
- Financial Aid Basics
- Scholarships
- Federal and State Aid
- Loans
- Forms
- Financial Aid Award Letters
- Tips and Strategies



Financial Aid 101

Latest Headlines and Trends



A Recent Survey Says...

HAVE YOU RULED OUT OR WILL YOU RULE OUT ANY COLLEGES BASED ON THEIR "STICKER" PRICE?

NO --- 45%

YES --- 40%

I DON'T KNOW YET --- 15%

"2014 Rising Seniors' Perceptions on Financial Aid," produced by Ruffalocody Enrollment Management, in conjunction with Scannell & Kurz



A Recent Survey Says...

ARE YOU GOING TO BORROW FOR YOUR UNDERGRADUATE DEGREE?

PLANNING TO BORROW --- 48%

<u>I DON'T KNOW --- 43%</u>

NOT PLANNING TO BORROW --- 9%

"2014 Rising Seniors' Perceptions on Financial Aid," produced by Ruffalocody Enrollment Management, in conjunction with Scannell & Kurz

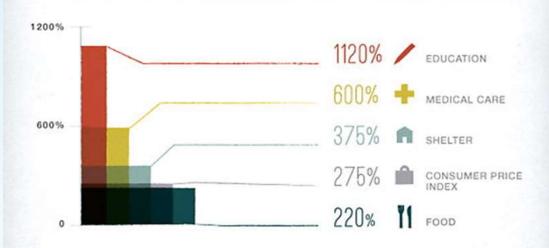


RISING COST OF COLLEGE

With the rising cost of education, today's students are investing a small fortune in their college education. How has the price of college fluctuated through the years? What are students doing about the increase in college tuition?

The percent change in college tuition in comparison with the costs of medical care, shelter, consumer price index and food since 1978.

SINCE 1978, COLLEGE TUITION HAS INCREASED 1,120%



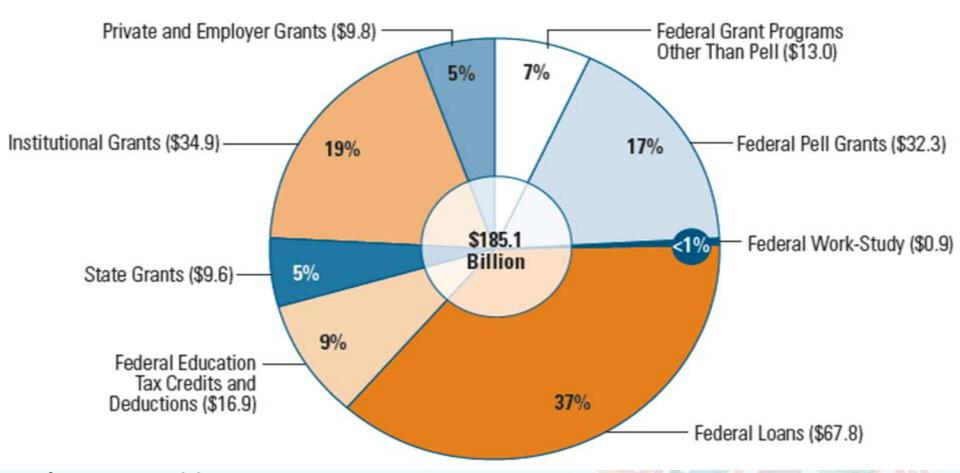
CourseSmart*

www.coursesmart.com

Sources: "21st Century Insurance College Survey", Instant.ly [naf.gov/statistics/ | news.everest.edu library.wisc.edu/u/c/Textbooks2008.pdf | "Fall 2012 Textbooks: Initial Findings." Student Monitor LLC, 2012. www.bloomberg.com | trends.collegeboard.org | foxbusiness.com | Time Magazine | Fox Business | Treasury.gov Georgetown.edu | Education.yahoo.net | Noes.ed.gov | Consumerreports.org



2012-13 Undergraduate Student Aid by Source and Type



To learn more, visit:

Trends in Student Aid 2013, Trends In Higher Education Series, College Board https://trends.collegeboard.org/



Troubling Headlines?

- Student loan burden continues to grow
- Paying For College Are You and Your Student on the Road to Going Broke Or Into a Lot of Debt?
- Is College worth the money?
- U.S. Student-Loan Balances Increase 62% Between 2004 and 2012
- When Kids Come Back Home



Unfinished Business

The National Student Clearinghouse reports:

- Over the past 20 years, more than 31 million
 Americans started a postsecondary education, but did not finish.
- The more institutions attended and the older the student, the less chance there was of completion.
- More than 10 million of these completed less than one semester.

Education loans have to be repaid, even if you do not finish your education.



Underemployment

These people have college degrees:

- More than 317,000 waiters (over 8,000 of them have doctoral or professional degrees)
- More than 80,000 bartenders
- More than 18,000 parking lot attendants

All told, some 17,000,000 Americans with college degrees are doing jobs that the Bureau of Labor Statistics says require less than the skill levels associated with a bachelor's degree.



"Your Degree Doesn't Matter"*

Don't let one mistake ruin your career aspirations. Employers do background checks and credit checks.

* Pennsylvania Liquor Control Board (PLCB) brochure



Postsecondary Education Is Still Worth It

 75 % of today's jobs require education beyond high school

 According to US Census Bureau Data, the average college graduate from a 4-year degree program earns almost \$1,000,000 more over a lifetime than a high school graduate.

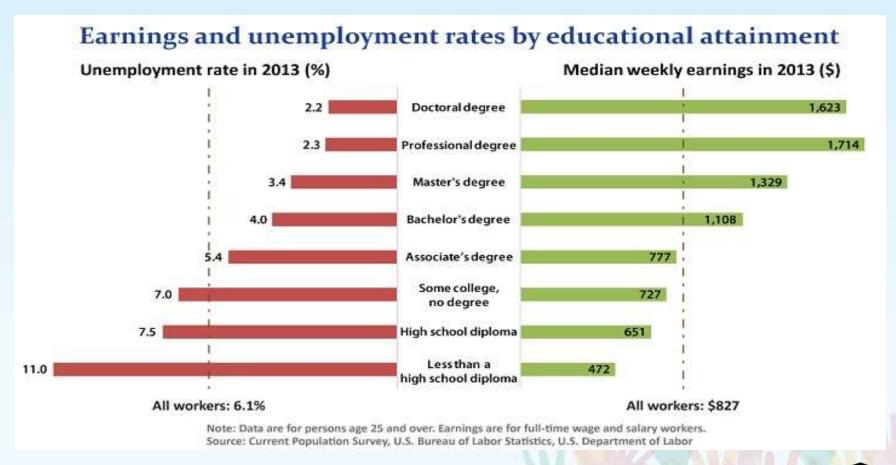


Education: A Great Investment

- Average loan payments for Bachelors Degree: about \$300/mo for 10 years
- Average additional earnings with higher education: about \$2,100/mo for 40 years



Education = Higher Pay and Lower Unemployment





Financial Aid 101

Be Smart Consumer



Be a Smart Consumer

Do your Research...

- What is the Net Price that you will pay? Use the Net Price Calculator at schools student is interested in attending to get an estimate of your "net price" to attend. Net Price calculator available on each school's website.
- What is the graduation rate?
- What is the average debt of graduates?
- What is the repayment rate and default rate of the school's borrowers?
- What is the employment outcome for recent graduates?



What You Can Be Doing Now

- Student and parent apply for an FSA ID at: www.studentaid.ed.gov/fsaid
- Visit websites with free information about college, financial aid and careers
- Explore scholarship opportunities locally, regionally and nationally
- Use Net Price Calculator at schools interested in attending to get an estimate of your "net price" to attend. Net Price calculator available on each school's website.
- Use the FAFSA4caster to estimate EFC and eligibility for federal financial aid
 - Free online tool, available at www.fafsa4caster.ed.gov



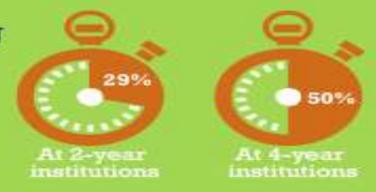
Ways to Reduce the Need for Financial Aid

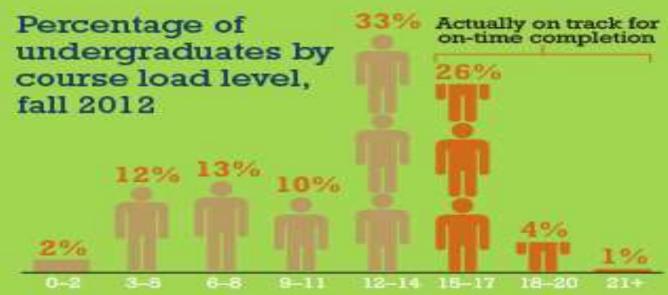
- Graduate on Time
 - > 4 year for Bachelors Degree / 2 year Associates Degree
- Research and find the right school and major
 - Minimize transfer and change of major
- Earn college credits while in high school through AP courses, Vo-Tech, and dual enrollment
- Consider options for cutting costs (commute, take summer classes, buy used books, make smart meal plan choices
- 2 + 2 Strategy (2 years at a Community College then transfer credits to a 4 year school)
- 3 + 2 (Master's Degree)



Most students are NOT taking the credits needed to graduate on time.

"Full-time" taking 15+ credits per semester





Semester hours or equivalent enrolled

Source: Postsecondary Analytics, How Full-Time are "Full-Time" Students? prepared for Complete College America, October 2013.



Financial Aid 101

Examples of Web Resources



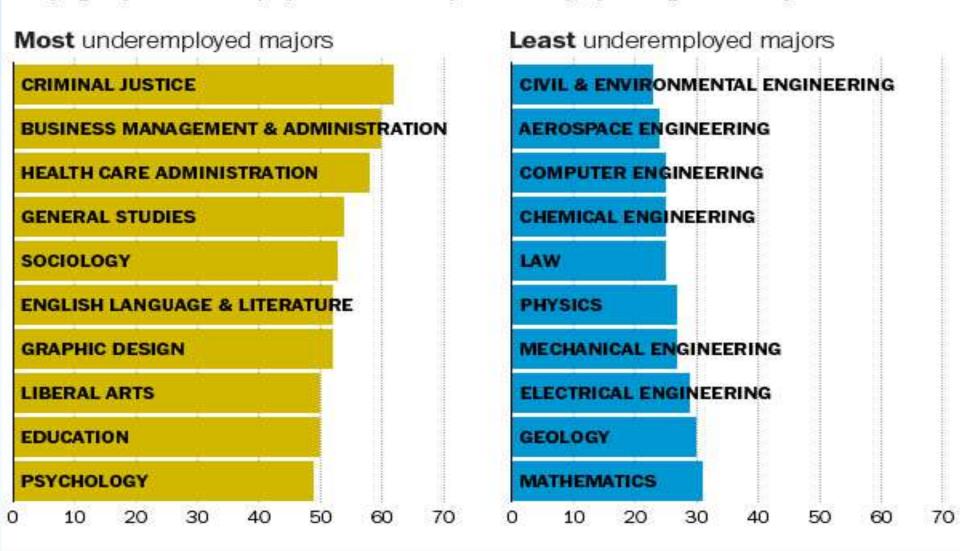
Do a Web Search for these "Tens"!

- 10 most useless college majors
- 10 careers that didn't exist 10 years ago
- Top 10 colleges for the top 10 majors
- 10 highest earning 4-year degrees
- 10 majors w/ the highest unemployment rates
- 10 majors w/ the highest loan defaults
- 10 college costs that no one warned you about
- 10 ways to get more scholarships



The college majors most and least likely to lead to underemployment

% saying they are underemployed in a recent PayScale survey, by undergraduate major



Money Magazine Lists

- Best Colleges
- Most Affordable Colleges
- Best Public Colleges
- Best Private Colleges
- Best Liberal Arts Colleges
- Etc.



STUDENTS

PARENTS

COUNSELORS

Q Enter Search Term





Education can be expensive! While you can't control or predict how much college will cost, you CAN control how well prepared you are. That is why you should follow the five tips below to make sure you are making smart decisions.

actually cost!

The 5 Tips for Smart Borrowing

on your career choice!



- 1 Research your expected salary in your future career, find an affordable school, and borrow realistically.
- Research job availability in your chosen field, before selecting your major.
- 3 Consider all types of financial aid carefully.
- A Educate yourself on the many loan options available before borrowing.
- [5] Inconsistent or untimely loan repayment could affect your future.

NOTE: The values shown in this tool are only estimates. They are based on national averages and the information you.



▼ 100% ▼

future budget!



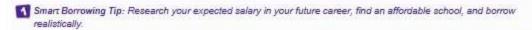


Becoming a Smart Borrower

Being prepared is one of the most important steps when planning for college. Let's be honest, every choice you make now can play a big part in how life after college could unfold. That's why you should plan ahead, so you aren't caught off guard.

PREPARING FOR YOUR FUTURE

We've put together information to consider during the college planning process.





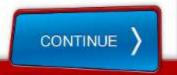
Our smart borrowing interactive tool should help you answer these questions:

About Your Career & College Choice

- What could my education cost?
- · What could my potential starting salary be?
- · Will I realistically be able to find a job in my career path?
- · Will I be able to repay my loan on my expected future salary?

About Paying for School

- Am I borrowing too much?
- Do I understand what borrowing means?
- What aid types are available?
- How can I reduce costs to borrow less?



Financial Aid 101

Financial Aid Basics



What Is Financial Aid?

Financial aid consists of funds provided to students and families to help pay for postsecondary educational expenses

- Grants/Scholarships (free money)
- Self-Help (work, savings, etc.)
- Loans



Another Way To Look At It

Students and parents pay with:

- Yesterday's Money (savings)
- Today's Money (work, grants)
- Tomorrow's Money (loans)



Basic Principles

- Paying is the joint responsibility of the student and parent(s), to the extent possible
- Need-based financial aid subjected to federal formula to determine financial need
- Not all families qualify for need-based aid.
 There is no guarantee that you will get any free money to pay for higher education



Where Does the Money Come From?

- Federal Government
- State Government
- School/Colleges
- Private Scholarship Sources:
 - HS Counselors
 - Clubs and organizations
 - Employers
 - Internet scholarship searches



Financial Aid 101

Scholarships



Go After the Best Money First

- Scholarships are FREE MONEY! Scholarships are awarded by foundations, philanthropists, non-profit organizations, businesses and colleges to help students pay for college.
- There are several free scholarship databases available online. With more than 1.5 million scholarships worth more than \$3.4 billion.
- The month of November is National Scholarship Month and is devoted to raising awareness of the need for scholarship support for postsecondary education.



Types of Scholarships

- Postsecondary (In House)
 Scholarships
- Local and Regional Scholarships
- National Scholarships



Scholarship Search Tips

- Start Searching Early
- Use FREE Scholarship Search sites
- Don't ignore scholarships with smaller award amounts
- Don't miss deadlines
- Search for Scholarships every year
- Check corporate websites such as Target, Walmart, Kentucky Fried Chicken, as they all have scholarship programs and you don't have to work there to get them



Your Scholarship Resume

- Activities and Hobbies
- Clubs
- Sports
- Community Service
- Religious Affiliation
- Academic Interests

- Keep track of the hours spent in community service, working and on special projects.
- Write down the dates you participated in various activities.



Recognize Scholarship Scams

1. Application Fees

- Even if the fee is minimal or "only to encourage serious students to apply"
- 2. "Guaranteed" Scholarships
 - No individual can honestly "guarantee" you'll win free money
- 3. Solicitations
 - "You've been selected...."
 - "You are a finalist....."
 - Bona fide companies won't ask for a check or credit card payment upfront
- 4. Official-looking Companies
 - The logo may look like the US Dept of Education's logo
 - The company may talk about "federal" or "national" awards
- 5. Seminars
 - Don't get pressured into paying for services on the spot.



Scholarship Opportunities for All

- Scholarships for Average Students
- Variety of less competitive scholarships
- Community Service Scholarships
- Video contests
- Creativity
- Ethnicity
- Unusual scholarships
 - » Based on Last Name
 - » Seussvile: Oh, The Places You'll Go! College Scholarship
 - Patrick Kerr Skateboard Scholarship
 - Tupperware Home Parties Scholarship

For more visit: http://www.finaid.org/scholarships/



fastweb.com

- Fastweb.com is an excellent site to use for searching as it is a database that pulls specific scholarships for students based on their input. It also sends email alerts when a scholarship matches the student.
- Fastweb.com is the largest, most accurate and most frequently updated scholarship database.

www.fastweb.com



Unique Scholarships

Jif Most Creative Sandwich Contest

 Jif Peanut Butter holds the Jif Most Creative Sandwich Contest as a fun way to award students preparing to attend college. The award includes a scholarship worth \$25,000, as well as a Jif Peanut Butter Basket worth \$50.

The Wear Duck Tape to Prom Scholarship

 Duck Brand products holds an annual contest to see who can make the best Prom outfit from Duck Tape. The winners receive a \$5,000 scholarship.

American Fire Sprinkler Association Scholarship Program

 The American Fire Sprinkler Association has scholarships totalling \$20,000 that are awarded to students who submit the required documents, including an essay on automatic fire sprinklers.



Unique Scholarships

Chick and Sophie Major Memorial Duck Calling Contest.

 Stuttgart, Arkansas, awards scholarships at the Chick and Sophie Major Memorial Duck Calling Contest. First place wins a scholarship of \$2000, second place wins \$1000, 3rd receives \$750, and 4th receives \$500.

The Fountainhead Essay Contest

• Ayn Rand Novels, a site specializing in the writings of author and philosopher Ayn Rand, has an annual essay contest awarding between \$50 and \$10,000 to over 200 students who write essays on chosen topics about Rand's well known work, The Fountainhead. While not strictly a scholarship, these contests are only open to 11th and 12th grade students, and the winnings could provide a great headstart toward paying for college.

\$2,500 "Advice to Your High School Self" Scholarship

 Campus Discovery has a scholarship for \$2,500 called the "Advice to Your High School Self" Scholarship. Students approaching graduation from college or recent college grads who finished an Associates or Bachelor's Degree are eligible.

Displacement vs. Stacking

Ask your school's financial aid office:

"If I receive an outside scholarship, will you reduce the scholarship money you gave me by that amount or will you stack my new scholarship on top of what you gave me?"



Financial Aid 101

Federal and State Aid



Federal Programs

Pell Grant (2015-16 max award \$5,775) *

Campus-based aid – amounts determined by FAO

- FSEOG..... up to \$4000
- Perkins loan..... up to \$5500
- Federal work-study...... FAO determines

For most programs, student must be enrolled at least half-time.

* Goes to most financially needy students



Federal Work-Study

"Students who participate in the federal workstudy program are more likely to graduate and be employed six years after college than their similar counterparts who don't participate in the program, according to a new study," Inside Higher Ed reports.

(Study conducted by two Columbia University researchers, Judith Scott-Clayton and Veronica Minaya)



Other Federal Programs

Please check out this web site to see all federal aid sources:

http://studentaid.ed.gov/types#federal-aid



Pennsylvania State Grant

- PA State Grant*
 - Full-time, in PA.....up to \$4,340
 - Part time, in PA.....1/2 of the FT award
- Out of state: Up to \$600 in DC, DE, MA, OH, RI, VT,
 WV
- Amount determined in part by the cost of the school
- * Must be at least half-time to be eligible



Other State Programs

- State Work-Study job related to major
- Educational Assistance Grant (EAP) National Guard
- Chafee Education and Training Grant administered by the Department of Public Welfare
- Blind or Deaf Beneficiary Grant
- Postsecondary Educational Gratuity Program (PEGP)
- Partnerships for Access to Higher Education (PATH)
- Pennsylvania Targeted Industry Program (PA –TIP)
- Ready to Succeed Scholarship (RTSS)

For details, see the PA Student Aid Guide, or visit www.pheaa.org

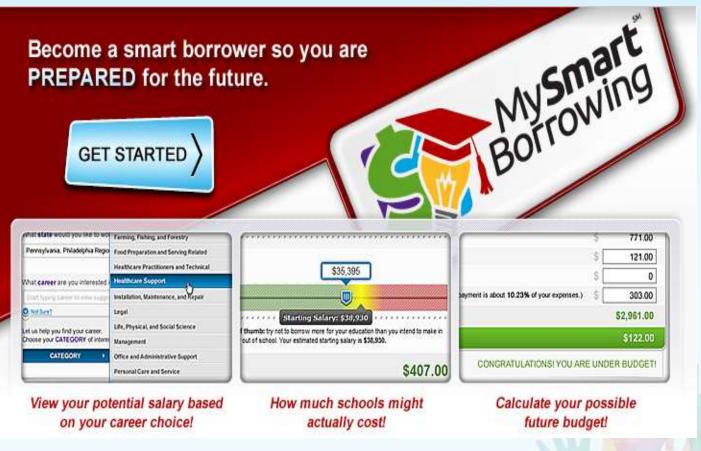


Financial Aid 101

Smart Borrowing



MySmartBorrowing.org



This interactive tool gives you information you can use to make smart decisions about career choices and paying for college.

MySmartBorrowing.org



Borrowing for Higher Education

- Always consider federal loans first. They have the best interest rates and repayment provisions.
- Borrow in the following order:
 - Perkins Loan (5% fixed) student
 - Stafford Loan (currently 4.66% fixed) student
 - PLUS Loan (currently 7.21% fixed) parent and graduate student
 - Alternative Loan (variable/fixed rates) last resort



Be a Smart Borrower

- Student debt is an increasing concern as more students graduate with staggering loan amounts.
- Think about how you'll repay your debt before you borrow.
- Consider every potential free financial aid option before borrowing.
- The federal government has made it very easy to borrow – this is good for access, but students need to be aware of the pitfalls of borrowing too much.
- If you must borrow, only borrow what you need.



The Rule

Don't borrow more to get your education than you can reasonably expect to make during your very first year in the workforce.

(Keeps loan payment <12% of gross earnings.)



Research job availability in your chosen field, before selecting your major.

- You won't be able to repay your student loan if you aren't gainfully employed.
- Research employment rates in your potential career field before making a final decision on your major.



Research your <u>expected salary</u> in your future career, find an affordable school, and borrow realistically.

- There are many paths to the same degree.
- Research every option, including community colleges and commuting.
- Only attend a school you can reasonably afford.
- Only borrow what you absolutely need to attend.



Consider all types of financial aid carefully.

- Grants and scholarships do not need to be repaid.
- Work-study provides part-time jobs for students.
- ✓ Loans <u>must</u> be repaid with interest.



Educate yourself on the many loan options available before borrowing.

- No one loan option is perfect for every family.
- Conduct your own research on the various loan options.
- Decide on the best choice for your situation.



Inconsistent or untimely loan repayment could affect your future.

- ✓ Unlike other forms of debt, student loans are difficult to discharge in bankruptcy.
- ✓ Your credit score could be affected by inconsistent/untimely payment.
- Deferment or forbearance is an option if you are having trouble making payments, but will increase the total owed.

Financial Aid 101

Federal Loans



Federal Student Loans

- No credit check
- Annual and aggregate borrowing limits
- Fixed interest rate
- Rate for new loans is reset every July 1st
- Rate is based on 10-year Treasury note (+2.05%)
- 6-month grace period
- 10-year standard repayment
- Flexible repayment options



Types of Federal Loans

Undergraduate Students

- Subsidized
- Unsubsidized

Graduate students

- Unsubsidized
- GradPLUS Loan

Parents

PLUS Loan





Student Loans

Subsidized = no interest charged to student while enrolled or in grace

- Based on Financial Need
- Interest will not be charged during the grace period, if the loan was first disbursed after June 30, 2014.

Unsubsidized = interest accrues in school and grace

- Any interest not paid during grace will be capitalized at repayment
- There is a 1.068% fee deducted from loan amount at disbursement.



Interest Rates – Student Loans

Undergraduate – Subsidized and Unsubsidized:

- 4.29% for 2015-16
- Capped at 8.25%

Graduate – Unsubsidized Only:

- 5.84% for 2015-16
- Capped 9.50%



PLUS and GradPLUS

Parent & GradPLUS

- 6.84% for 2015-16
- Capped at 10.50 %
- Up-front fee of 4.292% deducted at disbursement
- May borrow up to full cost of education minus financial aid
- Credit check is required on this loan



Federal Direct PLUS (Parent)

Repayment begins immediately - can defer repayment until 6 months after student graduates or drops below half-time enrollment.

- If defer payment encouraged to make interest payments
- Standard Repayment is 10 years



Student Loan Borrowing Limits

Dependent Students (excluding students whose parents cannot borrow PLUS)	Base Stafford Loan Amount Subsidized/ Unsubsidized	Additional Unsubsidized Stafford Loan Amount
Freshmen	\$3,500	\$2,000
Sophomores	\$4,500	\$2,000
Juniors, Seniors	\$5,500	\$2,000
Graduate or Professional	\$8,500	\$12,000



Additional Unsubsidized

Independent Students AND students whose parents cannot borrow PLUS.	Base Stafford Loan Amount Subsidized/ Unsubsidized	Additional Unsubsidized Stafford Loan Amount	
Freshmen	\$3,500	\$6,000	
Sophomores	\$4,500	\$6,000	
Juniors, Seniors	\$5,500	\$7000	
Graduate or Professional	\$8,500	\$12,000	



Year in College	Subsidized or Unsubsidized Loan	Unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan	Guaranteed and Awarded Amount for Academic Year	Unsubsidized Loan	Potential Academic Year Limit
1 st year	\$3,500	\$2,000	\$5,500	\$4,0001	\$9,500
2 nd year	\$4,500	\$2,000	\$6,500	\$4,0001	\$10,500
3 rd year	\$5,500	\$2,000	\$7,500	\$5,0001	\$12,500
4 th year	\$5,500	\$2,000	\$7,500	\$5,000 ¹	\$12,500
Certification	\$5,500	\$0	\$5,500	\$7,0002	\$12,500
Graduate	\$8,500	\$0	\$8,500	\$12,0002	\$20,500

Total

Additional

Total

Extra

Base Limit

- 1 Must be an independent student OR a dependent student whose parents were denied the
- PLUS Loan.

 2 Student may need to contact the financial aid office to request the additional amount.

Please note: "Year in College" is determined based on how many credits you have completed, not on the number of years you have attended school.

Federal Direct Loan Aggregate Limits

Undergraduate Education (Dependent Student)

\$31,000 (\$23,000 maximum Subsidized Loan)

Undergraduate Education
(Independent Student OR Dependent
Students whose Parents were denied
PLUS Loan)

\$57,500 (\$23,000 maximum Subsidized Loan)

Graduate / Professional Education

\$138,500



Capitalization

- Unpaid accrued interest is added to the principal amount.
- You now pay interest on the new, higher balance.



Benefits of Paying Interest

Paying now will reduce what is capitalized!

- Interest accrues on your <u>unsubsidized</u> student loan and Federal PLUS Loan:
 - Every day, from the day the loan is disbursed until you make the last payment.
 - Even if your loan is not in repayment.
- Interest accrues on your <u>subsidized</u> student loan:
 - » Every day, from the day the repayment period starts until you make the last payment.



Calculating Accrued Interest

To calculate your daily interest accrual, use the following formula:

 Interest rate x current principal balance ÷ number of days in the year = daily interest

Example:

 Sara Student has a \$10,000.00 current principal balance and 4.29% interest rate this year. Using the formula:

 $.0429 \times $10,000.00 \div 365 = 1.175342...$ (round to \$1.18)



Financial Aid 101

Private/Alternative Loans



Private/Alternative Loans

Consider these ONLY after looking into all other sources of financial aid



Private/Alternative Loans

- Nonfederal loans, made by a lender such as a bank, credit union, state agency, or a school.
- Student borrows in his or her own name
- Based on credit scoring and debt-to-income ratio
- Repayment may be deferred until education completed
- Fees, interest rates, loan amounts, and repayment provisions vary by lender and are generally higher than federal student loans
- Co-signers usually required. Some loan products have a co-signer release option
- Compare loans before making choice and read the fine print!



Financial Aid 101

Forms



The Two Primary Forms

- 1. Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)
- 2. Pennsylvania State Grant Form (PA SGF)



Other Forms You May Need To Fill Out (check with your school)

- College Scholarship Service (CSS) PROFILE form
- College-specific form



Deadlines Are Crucial

- Make sure you know the priority FAFSA filing deadlines for the schools you are researching.
- File your FAFSA prior to the earliest deadline, even if you have to estimate your financial information. You can always update the FAFSA later.

Deadlines

Know all of your state and school/college deadlines and file the FAFSA by the earliest deadline.

- Federal Deadline end of the award year for 2016-2017, this would be June 30, 2017
- PA State Grant deadlines
 - May 1, 2016 If you plan to enroll in a degree program or a college transferable program at a junior college or other college or university (excludes community colleges)
 - August 1, 2016 If you plan to enroll in a community college; a business, trade, or technical school; a hospital school of nursing; or a 2-year program that is not transferable to another institution
- Know School Deadlines



Don't Fear the FAFSA

- The FAFSA (Free Application for Federal Student Aid) is a federal form used to determine student eligibility for the following:
 - Federal programs, such as Pell Grants, work-study, and student loans
 - State programs, such as Pennsylvania State Grant, and other special programs
 - School programs, such as need-based grants and scholarships



FAFSA

Complete the FAFSA as soon as possible after January 1 of the year for which the student is seeking financial aid.

Two ways to complete the FAFSA:

- Online at www.fafsa.gov (highly recommended)
 - safe, secure, fast, skip logic, built-in edits
 - complete FAFSA on the Web Worksheet
 - print the confirmation page when finished
- Paper FAFSA call 1-800-433-3243















English | E

Get help paying for college

Submit a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)



New to the FAFSA?

Start A New **FAFSA**

Returning User?

- Make a correction
- Add a school
- View your Student Aid Report (SAR), and more ...

Login

Deadlines

Information about your deadlines.

School Code Search

Find your college's school code. Also find detailed information about your college.

FAFSA Filing Options

Learn about the other options for filing

Announcements

 Deadline Approaching: 2014-2015 applications must b submitted by midnight Central Time, June 30, 2015, after which the 2014-2015 application will no longer be availal To make this change, FAFSA on the Web will be unavailable: Wednesday, July 1, from midnight through 4 a.m. CT.

Thinking About College?



Use FAFSA4caster to see how

IRS Data Retrieval Tool (DRT)

The IRS Data Retrieval Tool allows students and parents to access IRS tax return information needed to complete the FAFSA. Students and parents may transfer the data directly into their FAFSA.

- IRS Data is available:
 - » After 2 weeks of electronically filing federal tax return
 - » After 8 weeks of filing a paper federal tax return

If use estimated income to complete FAFSA, can go back once taxes are filed and use IRS Data Retrieval Tool.



Get My Federal Income Tax Information

See our Privacy Notice regarding our request for your personal information.

Enter the following information as it appears on your < YYYY> Federal Income Tax Return. Required fields*				
First Name*	Joe			
Last Name *	Smith			
Social Security Number*	*** - ** - 6789			
Date of Birth *	01 / 04 / 1990			
P.O. Box and/or Street Address				
Apt. Number (Required if it appears on your tax return)				
Country *	United States ~			
City, Town or Post Office *				
State/ U.S. Territory *	Select One			
ZIP Code*				
Filling Status* 😯	Select One			

Select the button below to exit the IRS system and return to your FAFSA.

By submitting this information, you certify that you are the person identified. Use of this system to access another person's information may result in civil and criminal penalties.

Return to FAFSA

FAFSA Completion Tips

- Can use estimated income to complete once taxes completed MUST go back and update FAFSA
- Answer all income questions
- Carefully review untaxed income questions
- Review asset questions before completing them
- 529 Plans must be reported as parent assets
- Assets do NOT include home, retirement, or insurance
- Do not report a business if it employs less than 100
- Do not report a farm if you live on the farm
- Some people can skip asset questions
- Online Help available on the Form



Signing the FAFSA Electronically

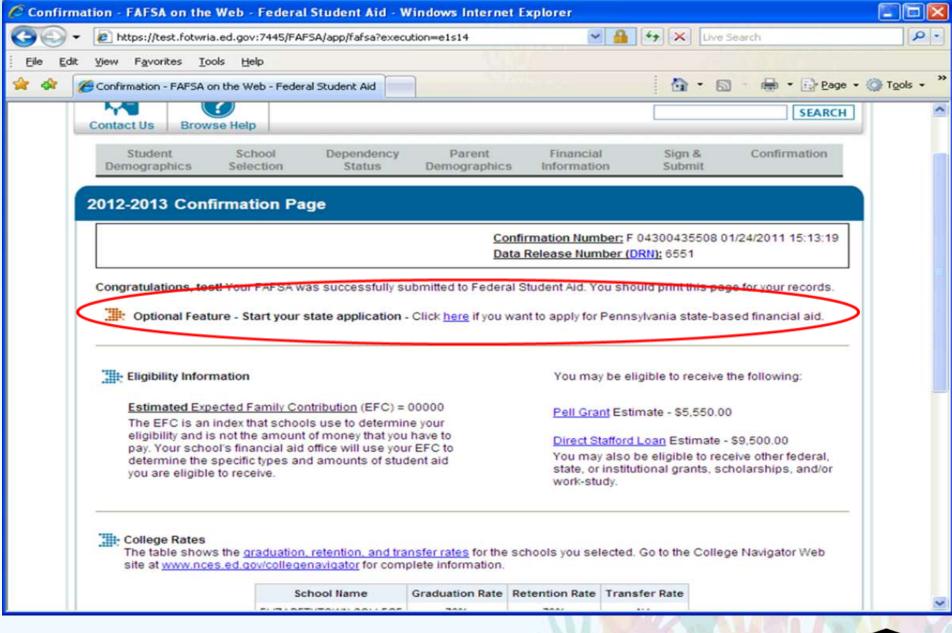
- Student and parent sign electronically with an FSA ID
- Apply for an FSA ID at www.studentaid.ed.gov/fsaid
- Do not lose it. Write it down and store in a safe place
- Can use for future FAFSA filing and parent can use for other children FAFSAs
- Use to sign Federal Direct Student Loan application and Parent PLUS loan application
- Can retrieve your username and/or password if you forget



Pennsylvania State Grant Form

 Link directly to the State **Grant Form from the Confirmation Page of** your FAFSA!







PA State Grant Form

- Students who click on the link will be automatically moved to the PA State Grant Form and will be presented with the additional questions needed to determine State Grant eligibility which includes such items as enrollment status, value of PA 529 College Savings Program, program of study, and employment status.
- Printing, signing, and mailing in the State Grant confirmation page is the last step in the process. PHEAA is working on an electronic signature capability but that is not available at this time.
- Students will be able to view their status on Account Access available at pheaa.org about three days after completing the FAFSA online.



Financial Aid 101

Forms – Frequently Asked Questions



Who Is Independent?

- 24 or older on Jan 1st of award year (January 1, 1993)
- Veteran (includes active duty personnel)
- Working on graduate level degree
- Emancipated minor in legal guardianship
- Orphan, in foster care, or ward of the court at anytime when student was age 13 or older
- Have legal dependents other than spouse
- Student deemed homeless by proper authority
- (PA State Grant status can be different)



Whose Info Goes on the FAFSA?

- Divorced or separated parents (the parent the student lived with the most over the past 12 months. If equal, then the parent who provided more than 50% of student's support)
- Stepparents yes
- Adoptive parents yes
- Foster parents no
- Legal guardians no
- Anyone else the student is living with no



Special Circumstances

- Recent death or disability
- Reduced income
- Recent Separation or Divorce

Contact the school and ask for a special consideration <u>AND</u> Contact State Grant Division at PHEAA



Financial Aid 101

Forms Are Filed - Now What?



Determining Need-Based Eligibility

- Student submits FAFSA
- Family undergoes need analysis
- Expected Family Contribution (EFC) is determined based on:
 - Parent income and assets
 - Student income and assets
 - Family size
 - Number of children in college
 - Age of the older parent

This is NOT necessarily the amount you will pay each year!



Expected Family Contribution (EFC)

- The EFC is a number derived from a federal formula which considers a family's income, assets, and other factors
- In theory, the EFC is the amount a family can reasonably be expected to pay toward college expenses each year
- In reality, it is not the amount a family is required to pay and it rarely is the amount a family actually pays.

How Is the EFC Calculated?

- Parent contribution + student contribution = EFC
- Bulk of EFC comes from income
- Home, personal property, qualified retirement funds, and value of life insurance excluded from assets
- Asset protection allowance (based on age of older parent, or the parent if single parent household)
- Parent asset contribution usually = roughly 6%
- Student income contribution = 50% of amount over \$6,400
- Student asset contribution = 20% of assets
- Parent contribution divided by number of children in college at the same time



What Happens Next?

- Student Aid Report or Acknowledgment sent to student (review and make necessary corrections)
- Information is sent to PHEAA. Student must complete State Grant Form (SGF). Can link to this directly from the FAFSA.
- Account Access (PHEAA) create an account at www.pheaa.org to view PA State Grant
- Information is sent to schools/colleges. Send to all schools being considered.



What School Costs Are Considered?

- School costs include:
 - » Tuition and fees
 - » Room and board
 - » Books and supplies
 - Transportation
 - » Miscellaneous living expenses
 - » Child care, if necessary

You can receive financial aid up to the Total of the school regardless of your EFC!

Calculating Financial Need

Schools/colleges receive financial aid information and calculate financial need

Financial Aid Office (FAO) "packages" student based on financial need and available funding (varies from school to school).

Financial aid award letter sent to student.



Financial Aid Award Letter

- Official notification from school about financial aid, terms, and conditions.
- Lists the type and amount of each award to be received
- Describes what must be done to accept or reject any award.
- Discloses students rights, responsibilities, and academic requirements.



Financial Need

- Your financial aid package may not meet all of your calculated financial need.
- Be sure to determine how much will be required of you in out-ofpocket costs and loans.



Reviewing the Financial Aid Package

After reviewing their packages, students should be sure they know and understand the following:

- How much of the financial aid is free money?
- Which awards are based on need, and which are based on merit?
- Are there any conditions on the free money; in particular, is there a GPA requirement?
- Will awards change from year to year?
- Will institutional awards increase as tuition increases?
- Will loans be needed? If so, how much?



Comparing Packages

Cost	\$15,000	\$25,000	\$45,000
EFC	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000
Need	\$12,000	\$22,000	\$42,000
	4 6 000	4 0 000	440.000
Free Money	\$ 6,000	\$ 8,000	\$18,000
Loans	\$ 5,500	\$ 7,000	\$ 8,000
Work	\$ 0	\$ 2,000	\$ 3,000
Total Aid	\$11,500	\$17,000	\$29,000
Gap (Cost – Aid)	\$ 3,500	\$ 8,000	\$16,000

Actual Cont.

(Cost – Free Money) \$ 9,000

\$ 17,000

\$27,000



How To Cover Unmet Financial Need

- Savings Family
- 529 Plans Family
- Scholarships Various Sources
- Grants Federal and State
- Tuition Payment Plans School
- Federal Student Loans Department of Education
- Institutional Loans School
- Private Education Loans Bank
- Home Equity Loans Bank



How Much Should I Borrow?

- 1. Estimate your full cost of school
- 2. Borrow only what you need
- 3. Research your earning potential
- 4. Don't borrow more to get your education than you believe you can earn your first year in the workforce
- 5. Think long term
- 6. Keep a healthy mindset about debt



Financial Aid 101

Final Thoughts/Wrap-Up



The Plan

- Narrow down career choices
- Research and apply to several schools
- Work hard on scholarship search
- Don't fear the FAFSA (do the State Grant app, too)
- Release your info to several schools
- Compare estimated financial aid award letters
- Make the tough choices
- Think of the future
- Finish on time



Beware of the 5-Year Plan

Things like double majors, study abroad, internships, and athletics can enhance the educational experience and improve marketability. But it comes at a price:

- Total cost just increased by 25%.
- The fifth year likely costs 20% more than the 1st year did.
- Loss of institutional funds if they only allow for four years.
- Loss of PA State Grant if all four years have been received.
- Reduction in student borrowing capacity if maximum loans received in the first four years (only \$4,000 left).
- Talk it over and plan ahead!



Keep Your In-School Costs Low

"If you want to live like a doctor while you're a student, you will probably have to live like a student when you are a doctor."



Be a Smart Consumer

Do your Research...

- What is the Net Price that you will pay? Use the Net Price Calculator at schools student is interested in attending to get an estimate of your "net price" to attend. Net Price calculator available on each school's website.
- What is the graduation rate?
- What is the average debt of graduates?
- What is the repayment rate and default rate of the school's borrowers?
- What is the employment outcome for recent graduates?



Ways to Reduce the Need for Financial Aid

- Graduate on Time
 - > 4 year for Bachelors Degree / 2 year Associates Degree
- Research and find the right school and major
 - Minimize transfer and change of major
- Earn college credits while in high school through AP courses, Vo-Tech, and dual enrollment
- Consider options for cutting costs (commute, take summer classes, buy used books, make smart meal plan choices
- 2 + 2 Strategy (2 years at a Community College then transfer credits to a 4 year school)
- 3 + 2 (Master's Degree)



What You Can Be Doing Now

- Student and parent apply for an FSA ID at: www.studentaid.ed.gov/fsaid
- Visit websites with free information about college, financial aid and careers
- Explore scholarship opportunities locally, regionally and nationally
- Use Net Price Calculator at schools interested in attending to get an estimate of your "net price" to attend. Net Price calculator available on each school's website.
- Use the FAFSA4caster to estimate EFC and eligibility for federal financial aid
 - Free online tool, available at www.fafsa4caster.ed.gov



Financial Aid 101

Resources



Resources

- pheaa.org
- EducationPlanner.org & MySmartBorrowing.org
- Youcandealwithit.com
- Myfedloan.org
- PHEAA toll free: 1-800-692-7392
- Federal Student Aid Info Center 1-800-433-3243
- www.fafsa.gov
- www.studentaid.gov general financial aid info
- www.studentloans.gov information on federal loans



Contact Information

DAN WRAY

dwray@pheaa.org



QUESTIONS?

