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| **ARC (MAJOR)**  An outer curved portion of a circle which is greater than a semi-circle (central angle is more than 180**◦**).    Symbol: ABC | **DIAMETER**  A line segment with both endpoints on the circle, which also travels through the center point.  Symbol: BC |
| **ARC (MINOR)**  An outer curved portion of a circle which is less than a semi-circle (central angle is less than 180◦).  Symbol: BC | **RADIUS**  A line segment from the center of the circle to any point on the circle.  Symbol: AB |
| **CENTER**  The name of a circle is the letter representing the center point around which all points on the circle are the same distance.  Symbol: •A | **SECANT**  A line which contains a chord segment, but which extends past the circle.  Symbol: BC |
| **CENTRAL ANGLE**  An angle formed by two radii of a circle with the center as the vertex point.  Symbol: BAC  where A is the center of the circle | **SECTOR**  The interior section of a circle defined by two radii and the corresponding arc.  Symbol: sector BAC (center letter must be the center of the circle, outer letters the ends of the radii) |
| **CHORD**  A line segment with both endpoints on the circle.  Symbol: BC | **SEMI-CIRCLE**  An arc which is exactly half of the circle (a central angle of 180◦).  Symbol: ABC |
| **CIRCLE**  An infinite set of points all an equal distance from a single point known as the center  Symbol: a small circle with the letter name representing the center say “circle A.”  A | **TANGENT**  A line which intersects the circle at exactly one point  Symbol: BC |